

Program: T.Y.B.A.F. Semester: VI Program Code: 2C00456
Course: SECURITY ANALYSIS AND PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT Course Code: 85605
Duration: 2 ½ Hours Examination Pattern: REV16-Autonomous External Max. Marks: 75

Instructions:

1. All questions are compulsory.
2. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
3. Draw neat diagrams wherever necessary.

Examination:
REGULAR

Q.1 A) Fill in the blanks with an appropriate answer from the alternatives given.(Any 08) [08]

- i) Financial markets can be classified into money markets and _____ markets.
 - a) Capital
 - b) Secondary
 - c) Primary
 - d) Securities
- ii) Return on investment is determined by _____.
 - a) Net Profit
 - b) Net worth
 - c) Capital employed
 - d) Net profit and capital employed
- iii) As per single index model beta is the slope of _____.
 - a) The CAPM
 - b) Characteristic line
 - c) The capital market line
 - d) The security market line
- iv) The fundamental analysis is a method of finding out _____.
 - a) Future price of security
 - b) Past value of shares
 - c) Tips
 - d) Ratio
- v) _____ assists in the selection of the most efficient by analyzing various possible portfolios of the given securities.
 - a) Markowitz model
 - b) Inter correlation Model
 - c) CIA Model
 - d) CAPM
- vi) As per capital asset pricing model, beta is a measure of _____ risk.
 - a) Unsystematic
 - b) Total
 - c) Comparative
 - d) Systematic
- vii) _____ index is a rate of return generated by the fund over and above risk-free rate of return, during a given period and systematically associated with it.
 - a) CAPM
 - b) Treynor's
 - c) Sharpe's
 - d) Jensen
- viii) The objective of portfolio is to reduce _____ by diversification.
 - a) Percentage
 - b) Uncertainty
 - c) Risk
 - d) Return

- b) The following information relates to returns of A Ltd.:

[07]

State of Economy	Probability	Return (%)
Boom	0.30	22
Normal	0.40	15
Recession	0.30	8

Required :

- a) Calculate Expected Return
b) Calculate Standard Deviation

OR

- c) Explain various objectives of Portfolio Management

[08]

- d) Explain Capital Market Line

[07]

Q. 3 Answer the following.

- a) The returns of Security Z and Market are:

[08]

Year	Z (%)	Market (%)
1	20	15
2	14	12
3	25	22
4	18	16

Required :

- a) Calculate Covariance between Z and Market
b) Calculate Beta of Security Z

- b) The following information is available:

[07]

Risk Free Rate = 5%

Market Return = 13%

Beta of DEF Ltd. = 0.8

Required :

- a) Required Rate of Return using CAPM
b) Comment whether stock is aggressive or defensive

OR

- c) Portfolio S has the following data:

[08]

Particulars	Value
R_p	19%
R_f	6%
R_m	15%
β_p	1.3
σ_p	24%

Required:

- a) Compute Sharpe Ratio
- b) Compute Treynor Ratio
- c) Compute Jensen's Alpha
- d) Comment on performance

d) Beta of a company's share is 0.8. Risk free rate is 6% and market return is 13%. [07]

Required:

- 1. Calculate expected return using CAPM.
- 2. If actual return is 10%, determine valuation status.
- 3. Give proper reasoning.

Q. 4 Answer the following.

- a) Security A: [08]
Expected Return = 16%
Standard Deviation = 24%
Security B:
Expected Return = 21%
Standard Deviation = 30%
Correlation Coefficient = 0.5
Investment proportion = 50% each

Required :

- a) Portfolio Expected Return
- b) Portfolio Risk

b) The following data relates to two mutual funds: [07]

Fund	Return (%)	Std Dev (%)	Beta
Fund E	17	23	1.25
Fund F	13	17	0.75

Risk Free Rate = 8%

Required :

- a) Calculate Sharpe Ratio
- b) Calculate Treynor Ratio
- c) Rank the funds

OR

- c) Explain importance of Ratio Analysis [08]
- d) What are the phases of Portfolio Management [07]

Q. 5 A) Answer the following.

i) The following information is available for Gamma Ltd.:

[08]

Equity Share Capital (₹10 each) = ₹4,00,000

Preference Share Capital (11%) = ₹2,00,000

Profit Before Tax = ₹2,50,000

Tax Rate = 30%

Proposed Dividend to Equity = ₹80,000

Market Price per Share = ₹35

Required:

a) EPS

b) Dividend Payout Ratio

c) P/E Ratio

d) Return on Equity

ii) An investor invests 50% in E Ltd. and 50% in F Ltd.

[07]

Expected return of E Ltd. = 15%

Expected return of F Ltd. = 20%

Required to calculate Portfolio Expected Return.

OR

B) Short Note: (Any 3) (5 marks each)

[15]

i) Fundamental Analysis

ii) Japanese Candle Stick chart

iii) Forms of Market Efficiency

iv) Financial leverage

v) Beta and its importance

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