Paper / Subject Code: 23101 / Financial Accounting and Auditing VII - Financial Accounting

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Time:	3 Hr. Marks: 100	
N.B. :	<ol> <li>All questions are compulsory.</li> <li>Each question has internal option.</li> <li>Figures to right indicates full marks.</li> <li>Working notes are part of your answer.</li> </ol>	
11.	The buy back of shares has to be authorised by Articles of Association.  Internal reconstruction involves reduction in capital.  Amount paid on Forfeited shares is added to paid-up capital in the Balance Sheet.  When the rights are sold without subscribing, no entry is made in Investment A/c.  Equity shares can be bought-back out of Free reserves.  Capital Reserve is a non-free reserves.  Any company can undertake capital reduction.  Liability in respect of bills discounted is not an Example of contingent liability.  Short-term investments are carried at its cost price only.  No company shall buy back its own shares unless the buyback is less than 10%, of the total paid-up capital and free Reserves of the Company.  In Internal reconstruction, amount of shares surrendered by shareholders is transferred to General Reserve Account.	.0)
12. Q.1.(B) 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7.	In Ethical views, ethics remain same at all the time and every place  Fill in the blanks choosing the correct alternative. (any ten)  As per AS 13, the cost of investment sold is to be calculated as per	(0)

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#### Q.2. The following is the Balance Sheet of Falguni Limited as on 31st March, 2018.

(20)

Liabilities	Amount	Assets	Amount
Share Capital:	- 2		84526
1,00,000 Equity Shares of	10,00,000	Land & Building	6,50,000
Rs.10 Each	470,0		
10% Preference shares of	4,00,000	Plant & Machinery	6,00,000
Rs.100 Each	2,730,00		
12% Debentures	7,50,000	Furniture	35,000
Bank overdraft	50,000	Goodwill	25,000
Sundry Creditors	1,40,000	Patent	15,000
Bills Payable	60,000	Stock	80,000
		Sundry Debtors	90,000
		Bills Receivable	15,000
		Profit & Loss A/c.	8,00,000
		Preliminary Expenses	90,000
	24,00,000		24,00,000

The Shareholders and the board of Directors sanctioned the scheme of reconstruction and the following adjustment should be considered. Preference dividend are in arrears for four years.

- 1. The preference shares are to be reduced to Rs.50 each and equity shares to Rs.2 each.
- 2. Of the preference dividend in arrears 75% to be waived and remaining to be paid in cash.
- 3. The debenture holders to take over plant and machinery at Rs.6,50,000 in part statisfaction of their claim and balance amount due to them to be converted to 13% debentures.
- 4. Bills payable to be paid off and the creditors agreed to waive Rs.20,000
- 5. All intangible and fictitious Assets to be written off.
- 6. The following Assets to be valued as follows: Furniture Rs. 30,000. Stock Rs. 60,000, land and building Rs. 6,00,000, Sunday Debtors Rs. 70,000
- 7. The company obtained a secured loan of Rs.1,50,000 at the rate of 12% interest by mortaging land and Building, for repayment of bank overdraft, bills payable and reconstruction expanses amounted to Rs.20,000. Pass necessary journal entries to record the above scheme and prepare Capital Reduction Account and Balance Sheet after reconstruction.

OR

## (3)

# Q.2. Following is the summarised Balance Sheet of Solar Electronics Limited as on (20) 31st March, 2019

Liabilities	Rs.	Assets	Rs.
Share Capital Authorised:	10,00,000	Equipment's	12,00,000
1,00,000 Equity Shares of			
Rs.10 Each.			
Issued:	4,00,000	Computer Software	4,00,000
40,000 Equity Shares of	200	Loans and Advances	3,00,000
Rs.10 Each		Trade Receivables	1,50,000
Reserves:		Factory Building	6,00,000
General Reserves	4,00,000	Security Deposit	1,50,000
Profit and Loss Account	6,00,000	Cash on Hand	7,00,000
Securities Premium	2,00,000	Balance with Banks	2,00,000
11% Debentures	14,00,000		3 74-500
Bank Term Loan	6,00,000		1 1 2 0 1 D 10
Creditors	1,00,000		
	37,00,000		37,00,000

The company decided to buyback the maximum number of equity shares at the maximum possible price under the law as on 31st March, 2019.

Assuming that the Buyback of shares is duly authorised by its articles and necessary resolution is passed by the company towards this buyback; pass necessary Journal Entries in the books of the company. Also prepare Notes to Accounts with respect to Share Capita and Reserves and Surplus as they would appear in Notes forming part of Balance Sheet of the Company as on 31st March, 2019. (Do not prepare Balance Sheet)

### Q.3 Following is the Trial balance of Devakinandan Ltd. as on 31st March, 2019.

Particulars Debit Rs. Credit Rs. 20000 Equity shares of Rs.100 each fully paid up 20,00,000 10000 10% Pref. Shares of Rs.100 each 10,00,000 General Reserve 1,00,000 Public deposits 25,000 8% Debentures of Rs.100 each fully paid up 10,00,000 Profit & Loss account (Cr) 1,50,000 Provision for tax 25,000 Sundry Creditors 75,000 Bills Payables 25,000 Advance received from customer 12,000 Bank overdraft (State bank of India) 35,000 Loan from IDBI 1,28,500 Fixed Assets (Net block) 38,70,000 Investment in shares of TCS LTD. 3,25,000 Stock on 31st March 2019 1.20,000 Bank balance with bank of Maharashtra 1,20,000 Cash in hand 27,500

(20)

Advance to supplier	40,000	
Short term investments	20,000	A C
Bills Receivable	18,000	
Sunday Debtors	35,000	
	45,75,500	45,75,500
	27.70	

#### Additional information:

- 1) Authorised share capital of the company is divided into 50000 equity shares of Rs.100 each and 20000 10% preference shares of Rs.100 each.
- 2) Debentures are secured against the fixed asset of the company.
- 3) Debtors includes debtors Rs.7500 which are due for more than six months.
- 4) Stock on 31 March 2019 includes following.

Raw Material

Rs.35,000

Finished goods

Rs.65,000

Work in progress

Rs.20,000

- 5) Preference dividend for last five years is in arrears.
- 6) Creditors includes creditors for expenses Rs.4,500
- 7) Bills Receivables includes a dishonoured bill of Rs.2,000 On the basis of given information prepare balance sheet as on 31st March, 2019 as per revised schedule III of Companies Act.

OR

#### Q.3. A) Following information is available from the books of Pranali Ltd.

(10)

	Rs.
80,000 Equity Shares of Rs.10 each Rs.8 Paid up	6,40,000
General Reserve	1,00,000
Profit and Loss account	4,60,000
Securities Premium	2,40,000
10% Debentures	2,00,000
Secured long term loan	2,00,000

Keeping in view all the legal requirements ascertain:

- a) Maximum number of Equity Shares which company can buy back at offer price of Rs.25 per share.
- b) Prepare notes to accounts of Reserve and Surplus.

Q.3. B)

(10)

On 1/4/2018 Sanket had 50,000 equity shares in Tata Ltd. The face value was Rs.10 each but the book value was Rs.24 per share.

On 1/6/2018 he purchased 10,000 equity shares in Tata Ltd. at a premium of Rs.6 per share.

On 1/7/2018 the directors of Tata Ltd. issued bonus shares at the rate of one share for every three shares held.

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On 1/1/2019 he purchased 5000 right shares in Tata Ltd. Rs.10 each at Rs.15 per share. On 31/1/2019 he sold 20,000 equity shares in Tata Ltd. of Rs.10 each at Rs.30 per share.

Prepare Investment in Equity Shares of Tata Ltd. Account as it would appear in Sanket's books for the year ended 31st March, 2019.

Q.4. During the year ende 31st March 2019 Mr. Ravi bought and sold the following (20) 12% Debentures of Rs.100 each of ABC Ltd. Interest being payable by ABC Ltd. on 1st April and 1st October each year.

#### Date Particulars

1/6/18 Bought 1050 debenture at Rs.95 ex-interest 1/9/18 Bought 350 debentures at Rs.90 cum-interest 1/12/18 Sold 700 debentures at Rs.95 ex-interest 1/2/19 Bought 500 debentures at Rs.96 ex-interest.

Books are closed on 31st March every year. Market price on 31st March,2019 was Rs.90 per debenture. You are required to prepare investment in 12% debenture in ABC Ltd. account for the year Apply AS-13.

OR

Q.4.(A) From the following Trial Balance as at 31.3.2019 of Mr.Ganesh Modak Ltd., and (10) the adjustments given prepare the final accounts of the company.

Particulars - San	Dr.Rs.	Cr.Rs.
Called up Capital 15000 shares of Rs.10 each		1,50,000
Securities premium		30,000
Capital Reserve	d 3 = 1	17,500
General reserve		35,000
Stock as on 1.4,2018	1,00,000	
Purchases and sales	5,12,500	7,20,000
Return Inwards and Return outwards	7,500	12,500
Profit and Loss statements 1.4.2018		7,500
Plant and Machinery	75,000	
Building	1,00,000	
Motor Van	50,000	
Debtors and Creditors	81,500	50,000
Bank Interest (paid & received)	3,000	500
Loan from Bank (secured)		62,500
Bill payable		14,250
Cash at Canara Bank	20,000	
Cash in Hand	2,250	
Share issue Expenses	15,000	
Manufacturing Wages	45,000	
Gas and Fuel	30,000	

Directors fees	5,000	Service .
Auditors Fees	3,000	
Administrative expenses	15,000	
Salaries	25,000	
Insurance	3,750	
Maintenance of motor van	6,250	
	10,99,750	10,99,750

Closing Stock as on 31.3.2019 was Rs.1,57,500

You are asked to prepare the balance sheet of Mr. Ganesh Modak Ltd. as on 31st March, 2019, giving the information required by the companies Act. of 2013.

#### Q.4.B) Following is the balance sheet of Nilesh Ltd. as on 31st March,2018.

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(10)

Liabilities	Amount	Assets	Amount
11,200 equity shares of Rs.100 each	11,20,000	Buildings	7,50,000
9% preference shares of Rs.100 each	3,50,000	Machinery	4,40,000
10% Debentures	2,80,000	Cash	5,02,000
Creditors	1,75,000	Inventory	2,27,000
Bank overdraft	1,75,000	Debtors	1,44,000
		Preliminary Expenses	20,000
		Profit & Loss Account	17,000
	21,00,000		21,00,000

The board of directors decided to go in for internal Reconstruction with the approval of the shareholders. Following adjustments should be considered.

- 1. Equity share is reduced to Rs. 70 each and preference shares reduced by Rs. 20 each.
- 2. Preference dividend and debenture interest is outstanding for current year and it is to be paid off immediately.
- 3. Machinery is to be valued at Rs.4,50,000
- 4. Bank waived Rs.20,000
- 5. Write off Fictitious Assets

Pass necessary journal Entries in the book of Nilesh Limited.

- Q.5. a) Discuss the implications of unethical behavior for financial reports. Explain the effects of unethical behaviour on financial reporting.
  - b) Discuss and explain the Principals Versus Rule based approaches of Ethical (10) Behaviour.

OR



(20)

#### Write short notes (any four)

- a) CSR
- b) Disclosure of Tangible Assets in Company Balance Sheet.
- c) Internal Reconstruction Vs. External Reconstruction.
- d) Maximum Limits on Buyback
- e) Principal based approach to Professional Code of Ethics.
- f) Pre-acquisition dividend.

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