## FYBCOM/SEM I/FC I/24.10.2019



me:	2 ½ hrs.	Marks:75
	ote: 1. All questions are compulsory with internal chaics	1401K3.73
	2. Figures to the right indicate full marks.	
1 (	(A) Fill III tile bidliks with appropriate alternatives (any eight)	(80)
	1. In India, the state of has the lowest gender ratio	(00)
	(Rajastnan, Haryana, Punjab)	
	2. Anti-Hindi agitations took place in India.	Comm
		)á)
	3 is the holy book of the Sikhs.	8
	(Guru Granth Sahib, Bible, Quran)	
	4 is the main reason for female feticide.	
	(Preference for male child, Unemployment, Globalization)	
	5. Demand of the 'sons of the soil' is	
	(communalism, casteism, regionalism)	
	<b>6.</b> There are schedules in the Indian Constitution.	
	(12,13,14)	
	7. India has aparty system.	
	(multi, dual, single)	
	8 is a national party.	
	(Biju Janata Dal, Telugu Desam ,Indian National Congress )	
	9 is the head of the Gram Panchayat.	
	(President, Chairperson, Sarpanch)	
	10is the chief architect of the Indian Constitution.	
	(Dr.Rajendra Prasad, Dr.B.R.Ambedkar, Lal Bahadur Shastri)	
		(07)
	(B) State whether the following statements are True of false (any seven)	
	1. Each tribal group in India has its own language.	
	2. Split personality is a type of psychosis mental disorder.	
	<ol> <li>Split personality is a type of payoness.</li> <li>Caste system promotes social progress and modernization.</li> </ol>	
	<ol> <li>Caste system promotes social progress and confrontation.</li> <li>Regionalism can cause inter-state tension and confrontation.</li> <li>The sex ratio in India has always remained unfavorable to women.</li> </ol>	
	5. The sex ratio in India has always remained unitary as a second of the sex ratio in India has always remained unitary as a second of the sex ratio in India has always remained unitary as a second of the sex ratio in India has always remained unitary as a second of the sex ratio in India has always remained unitary as a second of the sex ratio in India has always remained unitary as a second of the sex ratio in India has always remained unitary as a second of the sex ratio in India has always remained unitary as a second of the sex ratio in India has always remained unitary as a second of the sex ratio in India has always remained unitary as a second of the sex ratio in India has always remained unitary as a second of the sex ratio in India has a second of the second of the sex ratio in India has a second of the	
	<ul> <li>6. The Constitution of India is rigid.</li> <li>7. Municipal corporations are formed as per the Act of State Government.</li> </ul>	
	7. Municipal corporations are form of five years.	
	<ul><li>7. Municipal Corporations die vermannen.</li><li>8. The Mayor is elected for a term of five years.</li><li>8. The Mayor is elected for a term of five years.</li></ul>	
	8. The Mayor is elected for a term of five years.  9. All those who have attained 18 years of age have the right to vote in India.	
	10. Urban society is heterogeneous in nature.	(4.5)
		(15)
Q2.	(A) India is called as a multi-cultural society. Discuss.  OR	
Ĭ.	t was of problems faced by women in the Indian society.	
	(B) Discuss the various types of problems faced by women in the Indian society.	(15)
	www.s.senerated due to caste system in India.	(15)
<b>Q</b> 3.	(A) Explain the inequalities generated due to caste system in India.  OR	
	(A) Explain the inequalities 5 OR  (B) What is communalism? Examine the various causes of communalism in India.	
	(B) What is communalism? Examine the various	(15)
	(B) What is communation: Exercise (B) What is communated a constitution.  (A) Discuss the fundamental duties of Indian citizens as per the Indian Constitution.  OR  OR  OR  OR  OR  OR  OR  OR  OR  O	()
Q4.	(A) Discuss the fundamental duties of Indian OR	
	d communal harmony as a crucial value in the Indian society.	•
	OR  (B) Explain tolerance and communal harmony as a crucial value in the Indian society.	

Q5. (A) Write a detailed note on Panchayati Raj in India.

## (B) Write short notes on (any three)

- 1. India as a multi -religious society
- 2. Role of women in politics
- 3. Political party system in India
- 4. Declining gender ratio in India
- 5. Problems faced by disabled people in India



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