FYBMS/SEM I/EXT/BL

Time: 21	/ ₂ hrs. Marks:75
Note:	1. All questions are compulsory with internal options.
	2. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
	3. Draw a neat diagram wherever necessary.
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Q. 1 (A)	Fill in the blanks with the correct answer from the alternatives given below. (Attempt any 8)
(1)	An offer when accepted becomes
	a) proposal
	b) consent
	c) promise
	d) consent
(2)	
	are
	a) 10
	b)20 c)7
	d)5 ·
(3)	
(3)	a)Price
	b) all type of property
	c) ownership in goods
	d)barter exchange
(4)	Age limit for making contract is
	a)18
	b)21
	c)15
()	d)24
(5)	
	a) 20
	b) 60 c) 5
	d)30 .
(6)	
(0)	a) to give proposal
	b) something in return
	c) to consider
	d)something important
(7)	MOA, has clauses.
	a) 4
	b) 6
	c) 7
403	d) 8
(8)	·
	a)void b) voidable
	c) valid
	d)illegal

		A person making a promise is called a) promisor b) promisee c) payer d)payee Agreement with an unsound mind is a) void b) voidable c) valid	
		d) contract	
	(2)	State whether the following statements are true or false. (Attempt any 7) Capacity of parties means talking nicely with the party. No contract, no consent.	(07)
	(3) (4)	Caveat emptor means buyer beware. Private companies are allowed to issue prospectus to general public.	
	(1)	Under the Consumer Protection Act, Complaints must be in oral form.	
	(6)	Intellectual Property Rights grants ownership rights.	
		Object Clause can be amended without resolution.	
	. ,	There are 8 clauses in the Memorandum of Association.	
		The Sale of goods act is of 1923. A private company does not require articles of association.	
	(10)	A private company does not require articles of association	
Q.2		Define Contract. What are the essentials of Valid Contract?	(7)
		Distinguish between agreement and contract.	(8)
		OR	(7)
Q.2		Distinguish between sale and agreement to sell.	(7) (8)
		Distinguish between condition & warranty.	(U)
Q.3		Distinguish between cheque and bill of exchange.	(7)
Ų.J		What is a negotiable Instrument? Explain it's characteristics.	(8)
		OR	
Q.3		Define a consumer. Explain the objects of the Consumer Protection Act, 1986.	(7)
		Distinguish between District Forum and National Commission.	(8)
		Define company.Explain the essential features of the company.	(7)
0.4		Distinguish between private company and public company.	(8)
Q.4		OR	(-)
		Distinguish between Memorandum of Association & Articles of Association.	(7)
Q.4		What is a memorandum of association? What are the different clauses under	(8)
		MOA?	
0.5		What is a trademark? What are the different types of trademark?	(7)
Q.5		Explain the features of copyright	(8)
		OR	•
Q.5		Write short notes on (Attempt any 3)	(15)
	(1)	Caveat Emptor	
	(2)	Articles of association	*
	(3)	Characteristics of good trademark Who is a consumer and who is not a consumer as per Consumer Protection Act.	
	(4)	Requirements of a valid meeting.	
	(5)	requirements of a valid meeting.	